Breakdown of countries and respondent numbers

Addition file 3. Country breakdown according to number of respondents and country status

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Developing Countries N= 88** | **Employee No.** |
| AlgeriaBahamasBarbadosBoliviaBruneiCayman IslandsCyprusEthiopiaJordanMali | MaltaNigerReunionSaint Kitts and Nevis RwandaUgandaUzbekistanZambiaBosnia and HerzegovinaChad | Democratic Republic of the CongoGeorgiaKazakhstanKyrgyzstanLibyaPapau New Guinea SudanMozambiqueKenyaKosovo | Gabon LebanonMacauSierra LeoneSloveniaTanzaniaTurkmenistanBahrainCameroonCote D’Ivoire | < 10 |
| AOmanTrinidad and TobagoKuwaitEgyptQatar | Costa RicaIraqSerbia and MontenegroEl SalvadorHonduras | IsraelNicaraguaUruguayAngolaTaiwan | Dominican RepublicMoroccoBangladeshSaudi ArabiaKoreaEquatorial Guinea | 10-100 |
| PeruAfghanistanTurkeySingapore | ChileRussiaVietnamUnited Arab Emirates | Hong KongNigeriaIndonesiaGuatemalaArgentina | VenezuelaPanamaColombiaEcuadorSouth Africa | 101-1000 |
| Malaysia | ThailandPhilippines | IndiaChina | MexicoBrazil | 1001-15,000 |
| **Developed Countries N= 32** |  | **Employee No.** |
| Latvia | Lithuania | CroatiaLuxemburg | GreeceAustria | HungaryEstonia | 10-100 |
| SlovakiaSwitzerlandNew Zealand | JapanRomaniaCzech | BulgariaItalyNorway | PortugalDenmarkSpain | FrancePolandGermany | 101-1000 |
| Belgium | Finland | Netherlands | Ireland | SwedenAustralia | 1001-10,000 |
| United Kingdom | United States of America | Canada | 10,001-25,000 |